

WASTE STREAM	9A82	Ion Exchange Material in Drums
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SITE Berkeley

SITE OWNER Nuclear Decommissioning Authority

WASTE CUSTODIAN Nuclear Restoration Services Ltd (NRS)

WASTE TYPE ILW

WASTE VOLUMES

	Reported (m ³)	OR	Conditioned (m ³)	Packaged (m ³)
Stocks:	At 1.4.2025			
Future arisings:	= 3.0			
Total future arisings:	0.0			
Total waste volume:	3.0			

Number of waste packages in stock: At 1.4.2025..... - packages

Comment on arising rates: -

Additional information on quantities: Station operation ceased in March 1989. The waste was used as an infill for drums containing Miscellaneous Contaminated Items (streams 9A66-70) that arose at Berkeley Technology Centre. Approximately 175 drums were used in this way between 1975 and 1987.

Uncertainty factors on volumes:

Stock (upper):	x 1.10	Arisings (upper):	x -
Stock (lower):	x 0.80	Arisings (lower):	x -

WASTE SOURCE Spent ion exchange materials arising from the treatment of pond waters. The material was packaged in modified '45 gallon' mild steel drums.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

General description: The Ion Exchange Material was used for removing caesium from the Berkeley Technology Centre pond. The material is believed to be Lewatit DN/KR, which is a bead form organic ion exchange material. The waste was dried and used as an infill for approximately 175 drums containing Miscellaneous contaminated items (streams 9A66-70), prior to transfer to the Berkeley Power Station for storage in the vaults. There are no large items in the ion exchange material which may require special handling. This waste has not previously been included separately in the UK inventories, but it was originally included in the Miscellaneous Contaminated Item waste streams.

Changes since waste generated: -

Bulk density (t/m³): ~ 1.0

Comment on density: The assumption of 1 t/m³ as the average bulk density may be subject to revision.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

General description and components (%wt): The waste is expected to be organic ion exchange material. It is most likely to be loaded with caesium.

Chemical state: Alkali

Sheet metal proportion / thickness: No sheet or bulk metal items present.

Metals and alloys (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) / Grades(s) with proportions	% of total C14 activity
Stainless steel.....	NE	The waste will be contaminated with stainless and mild steel as it was used as an infill for drums containing Miscellaneous Contaminated Items.	
Other ferrous metals.....	NE		
Iron.....	-		
Aluminium.....	= 0		
Beryllium.....	< 0.01		
Cobalt.....	-		
Copper.....	= 0		
Lead.....	= 0		
Magnox/Magnesium.....	TR		
Nickel.....	-		
Titanium.....	-		
Uranium.....	-		
Zinc.....	= 0		
Zircaloy/Zirconium.....	TR		
Other metals.....	= 0		
		No "other" metals present.	

Organics (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Total cellulose.....	= 0	-	
Paper, cotton.....	= 0	-	
Wood.....	= 0	-	
Halogenated plastics.....	= 0	-	
Total non-halogenated plastics.....	= 0	-	
Condensation polymers.....	= 0	-	
Others.....	= 0	-	
Organic ion exchange materials.....	~ 100.0	-	
Total rubber.....	= 0	-	
Halogenated rubber.....	= 0	-	
Non-halogenated rubber.....	= 0	-	
Hydrocarbons.....	-	-	
Oil or grease.....	-	-	
Fuel.....	-	-	
Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar).....	-	-	
Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar).....	-	-	
Bitumen.....	-	-	
Others.....	-	-	
Other organics.....	= 0	-	

Other materials (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials.....	~ 0	-	
Inorganic sludges and flocs.....	= 0	-	
Soil.....	= 0	-	
Brick/Stone/Rubble.....	= 0	-	
Cementitious material.....	= 0	-	
Sand.....	-	-	
Glass/Ceramics.....	= 0	-	
Graphite.....	TR	-	
Desiccants/Catalysts.....	-	-	
Asbestos.....	= 0	-	
Non/low friable.....	-	-	
Moderately friable.....	-	-	
Highly friable.....	-	-	
Free aqueous liquids.....	= 0	-	
Free non-aqueous liquids.....	= 0	-	
Powder/Ash.....	= 0	-	

COMPONENTS OF MATERIALS, WASTE PROPERTIES, MATERIALS NOT CONTRIBUTING TO MASS

Inorganic anions (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride.....	<< 0.01	-
Chloride.....	< 0.01	-
Iodide.....	<< 0.01	-
Cyanide.....	= 0	-
Carbonate.....	~ 2.0	-
Nitrate.....	NE	-
Nitrite.....	NE	-
Phosphate.....	NE	-
Sulphate.....	< 0.01	-
Sulphide.....	NE	-

Materials of interest for waste acceptance criteria:

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible metals.....	= 0	-
Low flash point liquids.....	= 0	-
Explosive materials.....	= 0	-
Phosphorus.....	= 0	-
Hydrides.....	= 0	-
Biological etc. materials.....	= 0	-
Biodegradable materials.....	0	-
Putrescible wastes.....	= 0	-
Non-putrescible wastes.....	-	-
Corrosive materials.....	= 0	-
Pyrophoric materials.....	= 0	-
Generating toxic gases.....	= 0	-
Reacting with water.....	= 0	-
Higher activity particles.....	-	-
Soluble solids as bulk chemical compounds.....	-	-

Hazardous substances / non hazardous pollutants:

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Acrylamide.....	0	-
Benzene.....		-
Chlorinated solvents.....		-
Formaldehyde.....		-
Organometallics.....		-
Phenol.....		-
Styrene.....		-
Tri-butyl phosphate.....		-
Other organophosphates.....		-
Vinyl chloride.....		-
Arsenic.....		-
Barium.....		-
Boron.....		-
Boron (in Boral).....		-
Boron (non-Boral).....		-
Cadmium.....		-
Caesium.....		-
Selenium.....		-
Chromium.....		-
Molybdenum.....		-
Thallium.....		-
Tin.....		-
Vanadium.....		-
Mercury compounds.....		-
Others.....		-

Complexing agents (%wt):

Yes		
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
EDTA.....	TR	-
DPTA.....		-
NTA.....		-
Polycarboxylic acids.....		-
Other organic complexants.....		-
Total complexing agents.....	TR	-

Physical components:

	Number	Type(s) and comment
Sources.....		-
Electronic & Electrical Equipment (EEE)		-
EEE Type 1.....		-
EEE Type 2.....		-
EEE Type 3.....		-
EEE Type 4.....		-
EEE Type 5.....		-

TREATMENT, PACKAGING AND DISPOSAL

Planned on-site / off-site treatment(s):

Treatment	On-site / Off-site	Stream volume %
Size reduction Decay storage Low force compaction Supercompaction (HFC) Incineration Drying/dewatering/liquid separation Tie down/fixatives/strippable coating/painting application Decontamination Metal treatment Recycling / reuse Thermal treatment, including vitrification Encapsulation Polymer encapsulation Other physical treatment Other chemical treatment Containerisation Treatment not yet determined None		

Comments on planned treatments:

-

Conditioning method:

This stream is to be co-packaged with 9A37, 9A38, 9A57, 9A58, 9A59, 9A65, 9A68, 9A69, 9A70, 9A71, 9A72, 9A75, 9A77, 9A78. Packages are assigned to 9A68, 9A71 & 9A75.

Conditioning plants:

Plant Name	Location

Likely conditioning matrix:

-

Further information on the conditioning matrix:

-

Waste Packaging:

Likely container type:

Container	Waste packaged (vol%)	Waste loading (m³)	Payload (m³)	Number of packages	Estimated start date for packaging
-	-	-	-	-	-

Range in container waste loading: -

Other information on packaging and conditioning:

-

Conditioned density (t/m³):

-

Conditioned density comment:

-

Management Routes:

Disposal Route	Stream volume %	Raw density t/m³	Start date
Expected to be consigned to a Near Site, Near Surface Disposal Facility (Scotland)			
Expected to be Non-NSD HAW managed under Scottish Government's policy			
Expected to be disposed to LLW Vaults NRS Dounreay			
Expected to be consigned to the Geological Disposal Facility			
Expected to be consigned to a Near Surface Disposal Facility			
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository			
Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility			
Expected to be disposed On-Site			
Expected to be managed by In-Situ Disposal			
Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility			
Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility			
Expected to be Out of Scope			
Expected to be recycled / reused			
Disposal route not known			

Classification codes for waste expected to be consigned to a landfill facility:

Opportunities for alternative disposal routing: No

Baseline Management Route	Opportunity Management Route	Stream volume (%)	Opportunity Confidence	Comment
-	-	-	-	-

RADIOACTIVITY

Source: Spent ion exchange materials arising from the treatment of pond water. There is expected to be contamination by fission products and activation products including actinides. Caesium-137 is expected to be a dominant nuclide.

Uncertainty: Specific activity is a function of operating history. The values quoted are indicative of the activities that are expected.

Measurement of radioactivities: Values were derived by extrapolation from available data, based on 9R10 and decayed.

Chemical form of radionuclides: H-3: Most tritium is expected to be present as water but some may be in the form of other inorganic compounds or as organic compounds.
C-14: Carbon 14 will probably be present as graphite.
Cl-36: Chlorine 36 will probably be present as inorganic chloride.
Se-79: The selenium content is insignificant.
Tc-99: The technetium content is insignificant.
I-129: -
Ra: The radium isotope content is insignificant.
Th: The thorium isotope content is insignificant.
U: The chemical form of uranium isotopes has not been determined but probably will be uranium oxides.

Np: The neptunium content is insignificant.
Pu: The chemical form of plutonium isotopes has not been determined but probably will be plutonium oxides.

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Nuclide	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³				Nuclide	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³			
	Waste at 1.4.2025	Bands and Code	Future Arisings	Bands and Code		Waste at 1.4.2025	Bands and Code	Future Arisings	Bands and Code
H 3			8		Gd 153			8	
Be 10			8		Ho 163			8	
C 14			8		Ho 166m			8	
Na 22			8		Tm 170			8	
Al 26			8		Tm 171			8	
Cl 36			8		Lu 174			8	
Ar 39			8		Lu 176			8	
Ar 42			8		Hf 178n			8	
K 40			8		Hf 182			8	
Ca 41			8		Pt 193			8	
Mn 53			8		Tl 204			8	
Mn 54			8		Pb 205			8	
Fe 55	6.50E-08	C C	2		Pb 210			8	
Co 60	7.71E-05	C C	2		Bi 208			8	
Ni 59			8		Bi 210m			8	
Ni 63			8		Po 210			8	
Zn 65			8		Ra 223			8	
Se 79			8		Ra 225			8	
Kr 81			8		Ra 226			8	
Kr 85			8		Ra 228			8	
Rb 87			8		Ac 227			8	
Sr 90			8		Th 227			8	
Zr 93			8		Th 228			8	
Nb 91			8		Th 229			8	
Nb 92			8		Th 230			8	
Nb 93m			8		Th 232			8	
Nb 94			8		Th 234			8	
Mo 93			8		Pa 231			8	
Tc 97			8		Pa 233			8	
Tc 99			8		U 232			8	
Ru 106			8		U 233			8	
Pd 107			8		U 234			8	
Ag 108m			8		U 235			8	
Ag 110m			8		U 236			8	
Cd 109			8		U 238			8	
Cd 113m			8		Np 237			8	
Sn 119m			8		Pu 236			8	
Sn 121m			8		Pu 238	7.55E-07	C C	2	
Sn 123			8		Pu 239	9.00E-07	C C	2	
Sn 126			8		Pu 240	2.00E-06	C C	2	
Sb 125			8		Pu 241	3.52E-05	C C	2	
Sb 126			8		Pu 242			8	
Te 125m			8		Am 241	9.10E-06	C C	2	
Te 127m			8		Am 242m			8	
I 129			8		Am 243			8	
Cs 134			8		Cm 242			8	
Cs 135			8		Cm 243	3.06E-09	C C	2	
Cs 137	1.75E-03	C C	2		Cm 244	1.01E-07	C C	2	
Ba 133	2.77E-06	C C	2		Cm 245			8	
La 137			8		Cm 246			8	
La 138			8		Cm 248			8	
Ce 144			8		Cf 249			8	
Pm 145			8		Cf 250			8	
Pm 147			8		Cf 251			8	
Sm 147			8		Cf 252			8	
Sm 151			8		Unsp a				
Eu 152			8		Unsp b/g				
Eu 154			8		Total a	1.29E-05	*		*
Eu 155	5.05E-08	C C	2		Total b/g	1.87E-03	*		*

Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5
B a factor of 3
C a factor of 10
D a factor of 100
E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in the mean radioactivity.

Code

1 Measured activity
2 Derived activity (best estimate)
3 Derived activity (upper limit)
4 Not present
5 Present but not significant
6 Likely to be present but not assessed
7 Present in significant quantities but not determined
8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity
* Total calculated from the 114 declared radionuclides