

WASTE STREAM	9D313	Miscellaneous Metal (Reactor) ILW
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SITE Hinkley Point A

SITE OWNER Nuclear Decommissioning Authority

WASTE CUSTODIAN Nuclear Restoration Services Ltd (NRS)

WASTE TYPE ILW

WASTE VOLUMES

	Reported (m ³)	OR	Conditioned (m ³)	Packaged (m ³)
Stocks:	At 1.4.2025 = 0			
Future arisings:	1.4.2050 - 31.3.2069 12.6			
Total future arisings:	12.6			
Total waste volume:	12.6			

Number of waste packages in stock: At 1.4.2025..... - packages

Comment on arising rates: For inventory purposes waste arisings are assumed to occur at a uniform rate over 20 years.

Additional information on quantities: Reactor Dismantling and Site Clearance is assumed to commence in 2050 and last for 20 years. The volumes and radioactivity have been calculated for 50 years after reactor shutdown i.e. 2050.

Uncertainty factors on volumes:

Stock (upper):	x -	Arisings (upper):	x 1.20
Stock (lower):	x -	Arisings (lower):	x 0.80

WASTE SOURCE A variety of miscellaneous metallic wastes resulting from reactor dismantling.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

General description: A variety of miscellaneous metallic items including boron steel control rods, zirconium pins, Wigner probes and thermocouples. Waste can be packaged in standard ILW packages.

Changes since waste generated: -

Bulk density (t/m³): ~ 1.4

Comment on density: The density is of the waste as cut for packaging.

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

General description and components (%wt): A variety of metals including boron steel (66%wt), other steel (3%wt), zirconium (21%wt), Magnox (8%wt), chromel (~1%wt), alume (~1%wt) and magnesium oxide (<1%wt).

Chemical state: Neutral

Sheet metal proportion / thickness: Metal thicknesses will vary up from a few mm. The maximum thickness will probably not exceed 25 mm.

Metals and alloys (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) / Grades(s) with proportions	% of total C14 activity
Stainless steel.....	= 0	-	
Other ferrous metals.....	= 69.0	-	
Iron.....		-	
Aluminium.....	= 0	-	
Beryllium.....	0	-	
Cobalt.....		-	
Copper.....	= 0	-	
Lead.....	= 0	-	
Magnox/Magnesium.....	= 8.0	-	
Nickel.....	< 2.0	Other metals are chromel (~1%wt) and alume (~1wt%).	
Titanium.....		-	
Uranium.....		-	
Zinc.....	= 0	-	
Zircaloy/Zirconium.....	= 21.0	-	
Other metals.....		-	

Organics (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Total cellulose.....	= 0	-	
Paper, cotton.....	= 0	-	
Wood.....	= 0	-	
Halogenated plastics.....	= 0	-	
Total non-halogenated plastics.....	= 0	-	
Condensation polymers.....	= 0	-	
Others.....	= 0	-	
Organic ion exchange materials.....	= 0	-	
Total rubber.....	= 0	-	
Halogenated rubber.....	= 0	-	
Non-halogenated rubber.....	= 0	-	
Hydrocarbons.....		-	
Oil or grease.....		-	
Fuel.....		-	
Asphalt/Tarmac (cont.coal tar).....		-	
Asphalt/Tarmac (no coal tar).....		-	
Bitumen.....		-	
Others.....		-	
Other organics.....	= 0	-	

Other materials (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment	% of total C14 activity
Inorganic ion exchange materials.....	= 0	-	
Inorganic sludges and flocs.....	= 0	-	
Soil.....	= 0	-	
Brick/Stone/Rubble.....	= 0	-	
Cementitious material.....	= 0	-	
Sand.....		-	
Glass/Ceramics.....	= 0	-	
Graphite.....	TR	-	
Desiccants/Catalysts.....		-	
Asbestos.....	= 0	-	
Non/low friable.....		-	
Moderately friable.....		-	
Highly friable.....		-	
Free aqueous liquids.....	= 0	-	
Free non-aqueous liquids.....	= 0	-	
Powder/Ash.....	< 1.0	-	

COMPONENTS OF MATERIALS, WASTE PROPERTIES, MATERIALS NOT CONTRIBUTING TO MASS

Inorganic anions (%wt):

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Fluoride.....	= 0	-
Chloride.....	TR	-
Iodide.....	= 0	-
Cyanide.....	= 0	-
Carbonate.....	= 0	-
Nitrate.....	= 0	-
Nitrite.....	= 0	-
Phosphate.....	= 0	-
Sulphate.....	= 0	-
Sulphide.....	= 0	-

Materials of interest for waste acceptance criteria:

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Combustible metals.....	~ 8.0	-
Low flash point liquids.....	= 0	-
Explosive materials.....	= 0	-
Phosphorus.....	= 0	-
Hydrides.....	= 0	-
Biological etc. materials.....	= 0	-
Biodegradable materials.....	0	-
Putrescible wastes.....	= 0	-
Non-putrescible wastes.....		-
Corrosive materials.....	= 0	-
Pyrophoric materials.....	= 0	-
Generating toxic gases.....	= 0	-
Reacting with water.....	~ 8.0	-
Higher activity particles.....		-
Soluble solids as bulk chemical compounds.....		-

Hazardous substances / non hazardous pollutants:

	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
Acrylamide.....	0	-
Benzene.....		-
Chlorinated solvents.....		-
Formaldehyde.....		-
Organometallics.....		-
Phenol.....		-
Styrene.....		-
Tri-butyl phosphate.....		-
Other organophosphates.....		-
Vinyl chloride.....		-
Arsenic.....		-
Barium.....		-
Boron.....		-
Boron (in Boral).....		-
Boron (non-Boral).....		-
Cadmium.....		-
Caesium.....		-
Selenium.....		-
Chromium.....		-
Molybdenum.....		-
Thallium.....		-
Tin.....		-
Vanadium.....		-
Mercury compounds.....		-
Others.....		-

Complexing agents (%wt):

Yes		
	(%wt)	Type(s) and comment
EDTA.....	TR	-
DPTA.....		-
NTA.....		-
Polycarboxylic acids.....		-
Other organic complexants.....		-
Total complexing agents.....		-

Physical components:

	Number	Type(s) and comment
Sources.....		-
Electronic & Electrical Equipment (EEE)		-
EEE Type 1.....		-
EEE Type 2.....		-
EEE Type 3.....		-
EEE Type 4.....		-
EEE Type 5.....		-

TREATMENT, PACKAGING AND DISPOSAL

Planned on-site / off-site treatment(s):

Treatment	On-site / Off-site	Stream volume %
Size reduction Decay storage Low force compaction Supercompaction (HFC) Incineration Drying/dewatering/liquid separation Tie down/fixatives/strippable coating/painting application Decontamination Metal treatment Recycling / reuse Thermal treatment, including vitrification Encapsulation Polymer encapsulation Other physical treatment Other chemical treatment Containerisation Treatment not yet determined None	On-site	100.0

Comments on planned treatments:

-

Conditioning method:

Waste will be conditioned when removed from the reactor. The waste is not expected to be supercompacted. It will be placed in baskets in the waste packages, and is now assumed to be encapsulated.

Conditioning plants:

Plant Name	Location
RDC Encap HPA	Hinkley Point A

Likely conditioning matrix:

Unknown

Further information on the conditioning matrix:

It is now assumed that the waste will be encapsulated. The matrix could be BFS/OPC.

Waste Packaging:

Likely container type:	Container	Waste packaged (vol%)	Waste loading (m³)	Payload (m³)	Number of packages	Estimated start date for packaging
	4 m box (200 mm concrete shielding)	100.0	9.3	10.9	2	-

Range in container waste loading: Not yet determined. No significant variability is expected.

Other information on packaging and conditioning: The waste will be in baskets placed in the waste packages. Baskets of different Reactor Dismantling & Site Clearance ILW may be in the same waste package. The container material is expected to be stainless steel.

Conditioned density (t/m³): ~ 3.0
 Conditioned density comment: The conditioned waste density now assumes that the waste will be encapsulated.

Management Routes:

Disposal Route	Stream volume %	Raw density t/m³	Start date
Expected to be consigned to a Near Site, Near Surface Disposal Facility (Scotland)	100.0		
Expected to be Non-NSD HAW managed under Scottish Government's policy			
Expected to be disposed to LLW Vaults NRS Dounreay			
Expected to be consigned to the Geological Disposal Facility			
Expected to be consigned to a Near Surface Disposal Facility			
Expected to be consigned to the LLW Repository			
Expected to be consigned to a Landfill Facility			
Expected to be disposed On-Site			
Expected to be managed by In-Situ Disposal			
Expected to be consigned to an Incineration Facility			
Expected to be consigned to a Metal Treatment Facility			
Expected to be Out of Scope			
Expected to be recycled / reused			
Disposal route not known			

Classification codes for waste expected to be consigned to a landfill facility:

Opportunities for alternative disposal routing: No

Baseline Management Route	Opportunity Management Route	Stream volume (%)	Opportunity Confidence	Comment
-	-	-	-	-

RADIOACTIVITY

Source: Activation of the metals and impurities. The activities quoted are those at 50 years after reactor shutdown, i.e. in 2050. There may be some contamination by Cs137.

Uncertainty: The values quoted were derived by calculation from available material specifications and are indicative of the activities that are expected. The major source of uncertainty is the impurity levels.

Measurement of radioactivities: The specific activities were estimated from a neutron activation calculation.

Chemical form of radionuclides:

- H-3: The tritium content is insignificant.
- C-14: Carbon 14 is principally incorporated in zirconium. There may be some graphite contamination.
- Cl-36: Chlorine 36 is principally incorporated in zirconium with some also in magnesium oxide associated with thermocouples.
- Se-79: The selenium content is insignificant.
- Tc-99: The chemical form of technetium has not been determined.
- I-129: -
- Ra: The radium content is insignificant.
- Th: The thorium content is insignificant.
- U: The uranium content is insignificant.
- Np: The neptunium content is insignificant.
- Pu: The plutonium content is insignificant.

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Nuclide	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³				Nuclide	Mean radioactivity, TBq/m³			
	Waste at 1.4.2025	Bands and Code	Future Arisings	Bands and Code		Waste at 1.4.2025	Bands and Code	Future Arisings	Bands and Code
H 3				8	Gd 153				8
Be 10				8	Ho 163				8
C 14			1.93E-01	C C 2	Ho 166m				8
Na 22				8	Tm 170				8
Al 26			1.94E-06	C C 2	Tm 171				8
Cl 36			5.32E-03	C C 2	Lu 174				8
Ar 39				8	Lu 176				8
Ar 42				8	Hf 178n				8
K 40				8	Hf 182				8
Ca 41			3.54E-04	C C 2	Pt 193				8
Mn 53				8	Ti 204		1.57E-05	C C 2	8
Mn 54				8	Pb 205				8
Fe 55			4.26E-04	C C 2	Pb 210				8
Co 60			1.07E-01	C C 2	Bi 208				8
Ni 59			2.59E-01	C C 2	Bi 210m				8
Ni 63			2.43E+01	C C 2	Po 210				8
Zn 65				8	Ra 223				8
Se 79				8	Ra 225				8
Kr 81				8	Ra 226				8
Kr 85				8	Ra 228				8
Rb 87				8	Ac 227				8
Sr 90				8	Th 227				8
Zr 93				8	Th 228				8
Nb 91				8	Th 229				8
Nb 92			6.84E-09	C C 2	Th 230				8
Nb 93m				8	Th 232				8
Nb 94			8.24E-04	C C 2	Th 234				8
Mo 93			4.74E-04	C C 2	Pa 231				8
Tc 97				8	Pa 233				8
Tc 99			8.77E-05	C C 2	U 232				8
Ru 106				8	U 233				8
Pd 107				8	U 234				8
Ag 108m			1.29E-03	C C 2	U 235				8
Ag 110m				8	U 236				8
Cd 109				8	U 238				8
Cd 113m				8	Np 237				8
Sn 119m				8	Pu 236				8
Sn 121m			1.95E-02	C C 2	Pu 238				8
Sn 123				8	Pu 239				8
Sn 126				8	Pu 240				8
Sb 125				8	Pu 241				8
Sb 126				8	Pu 242				8
Te 125m				8	Am 241				8
Te 127m				8	Am 242m				8
I 129				8	Am 243				8
Cs 134				8	Cm 242				8
Cs 135				8	Cm 243				8
Cs 137				8	Cm 244				8
Ba 133				8	Cm 245				8
La 137				8	Cm 246				8
La 138				8	Cm 248				8
Ce 144				8	Cf 249				8
Pm 145				8	Cf 250				8
Pm 147				8	Cf 251				8
Sm 147				8	Cf 252				8
Sm 151				8	Unsp a				
Eu 152				8	Unsp b/g				
Eu 154			9.09E-04	C C 2	Total a	0	*	0	*
Eu 155			2.58E-05	C C 2	Total b/g	0	*	2.49E+01	*

Bands (Upper and Lower)

A a factor of 1.5
B a factor of 3
C a factor of 10
D a factor of 100
E a factor of 1000

Note: Bands quantify uncertainty in the mean radioactivity.

Code

1 Measured activity
2 Derived activity (best estimate)
3 Derived activity (upper limit)
4 Not present
5 Present but not significant
6 Likely to be present but not assessed
7 Present in significant quantities but not determined
8 Not expected to be present in significant quantity
* Total calculated from the 114 declared radionuclides